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Data Types		
<pre>• We've seen int a = 1; float b = 1.1;</pre>	integer variable floating-point variable	
 Larger data types (can hold l long a = 1; double b = 1.1; 	arger values) integer variable floating-point variable	
 Characters <pre>char c = 'A'; char c = '\n';</pre> 	holds one character	
 A data type is a set of rules for handling a certain kind of variables Rules govern the interpretation of internal representations and the operations allowed We will discuss the implications of int and float representations in future lectures In C. you must specify the type when declaring each variable 		
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Next Steps

Next lecture

- Functions (lecture on Zoom)

• Assignments for this week

- Read K&R Chapters 1.7, 1.8, 7.2, 7.4, B4
- Weekly challenge: temperature_conversion_function.c
- Homework: enee140_lab03.pdf, due on Friday at 11:59 pm
- Quiz 3, due on Sunday at 11:59 am

